

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. III. MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20 1892. NO. 8

ADVERTISING RATES.

| Space | Rate |
|--------------|---------|
| Year | \$10.00 |
| Six Months | \$6.00 |
| Three Months | \$4.00 |
| Two Months | \$3.00 |
| One Month | \$2.00 |
| Five Days | \$1.00 |
| Three Days | .75 |
| Two Days | .50 |
| One Day | .25 |

Wool Carding.

AND MANUFACTURING
Jeans Blankets Flannels,
TWEEDS,
Cotton and Woolen Hosiery.

We would respectfully inform all that we are prepared to manufacture all of the above goods at low down prices, and guarantee the very best work. Wool from a distance carded into rolls and returned to owner in quick time. Full weight of rolls in return guaranteed.

The all work up in strong sheets and it will be returned in good order.

Cash paid for wool or goods given in exchange. Will pay highest price for rendered Tallow, in cakes or barrels, or exchange Soap for it. Prices for manufacturing furnished on application and price list sent.

Agents for the best Sheep Dip sold.

D. A. LOUD & BRO.,
Phoenix Woolen Mills,
Lexington, Ky.

W. T. TYLER E. F. ROBERTSON,
MANAGERS

STAR

Planing Mill Co.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed

LUMBER,

White Pine and Poplar Singles,
Doors of all sizes,
Sash—Glazed and Unglazed,
Window and Door Frames,
Moulding and Brackets of all kinds,
Verandas of every description.

Star Planing Mill Company.
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

The Bargain Store

GORDON & FRANKS.

Have made a great change in their Clothing and Linen business. They have the goods to suit both rich and poor, young and old, at prices that will please all. They are selling new suits at \$10.00 up; new shoes at \$1.00 up; Ladies shoes at \$1.00 up; Men's shoes at \$1.00 up. Also great bargains in

Hats, Caps, & Goods Furnishing Goods.
We receive new goods every week. Don't forget to call and see us at

The Bargain Store
24 South Main Street,
Opposite Opera House.

J. O. MIER

(SUCCESSOR TO)
Miller & Wilson.

INSURANCE.

AND

Real Estate.

LOWEST RATES.
CHOICEST COMPARISON.
PROMPT SETTLEMENTS.
Of Any And All Agencies.

Josiah Lindsay,

-- AGENT ON --

C. & O. RAILROAD,
west of depot,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Manufacturers and dealer in Tobacco, Hosiery, Rough Lumber and Lumber. We make our business, which is increasing, by doing the best work and offering Rough Lumber at special prices which are never met. We also do custom sawing.

W. H. FLETCHER,

AUCTIONEER.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY.

Offers his services to the people of Montgomery and surrounding counties. Prompt attention given to all sales of Personal Property and Real Estate. Terms reasonable.

JUDGE PETERS' REMINISCENCES

We have no information that Capt. Ashby after he returned from the Braddock war engaged in any enterprise or business, except farming, conneeting with it rearing and racing thoroughbred horses, until 1774. By the proclamation of the King of England in 1773, the soldiers who served in the Braddock war in his army were to be paid in wild lands in Kentucky, and to avail himself of the benefit of that proclamation we know from tradition that he came to Kentucky in person to locate his lands, and we know from the patent to him dated the 10th day of November, 1779, for 1,000 acres of land on Beargrass, in Jefferson county, Kentucky, and the one for 2,000 acres in Woodford county, Kentucky, that he surveyed the first named tract on the 8th day of June, 1774, and the other surveyed on the 23d of June, 1774. These facts we know are true, because they are recited in the patents for the lands, and we have official copies of said patents now before us. These two tracts, as also recited in said patents, were granted to him for military services in said war, and were held by devise. He also located another tract of very fine land on the Ohio River above, Mayville, in what is now Lewis county, and including Firmans Bottom, one of the richest bottoms on the Ohio River. This land was lost to his devisees by negligence. Twenty years of adverse possession defeated his devisees.

Upwards of 2,000 acres of land in what is now Woodford county, between Versailles and Midway, and a better tract of the same quality of land can be found in the State of Kentucky the writer does not know where it lies. His devisees settled on it at a very early date, and held every part of it. The survey and patent were the oldest, if, indeed, there were ever any others on it.

Besides, my uncle N. Peters, removed to the land from Virginia about 1790, and permitted no one to enter or settle upon any part of said land unless they entered and held possession under him as their landlord, so that there could be no adverse holding to his claim. We suppose Capt. Ashby went from Beargrass to Woodford, and made his location, because there are only fifteen days difference in the dates of the two surveys, and it is probable that the survey in Lewis county followed soon after the one in Woodford. But I have no copy of the patent to that land. It, however, was lost to the old Captain's devisees by an adverse holding of occupants under inferior titles. The devisees of the Beargrass land brought suit against the trespassers on it in time to bar their claim, of the statute, and they held it. All the land located by Capt. Ashby on that trip is believed to be worth now a half million of dollars.

After having located the land in Lewis county the company, Ashby, Porter and Wells, went to the falls of the Ohio River, and, having passed below the falls, landed at a point where they designed to locate other lands. Very shortly after landing their pirogue they were fired upon by several Indians, but none of them being struck, they hastened back to their vessel, and rowed it toward the opposite shore. They had not more than reached the middle of the stream before they discovered a number on the opposite shore. The Indians continued to fire on them, but missed them continually, except that they knocked Ben Porter's hat off into the stream.

Down the current with as much speed as possible they glided, keeping as near the middle as practicable, while all along for miles and till near dark, the Indians continued to shoot at them, without doing any damage. They were scattered upon either shore, trying to keep pace with the canoe as it passed along.

Two days and nights they labored at their oars and watched constantly, seeing Indians on one or the other of the shores, generally on both, fearing to land. Fortunately, however, they were provided with a small supply of provisions, consisting of dried

version, one buffalo beef's tongue and a little hard bread.

On an island about 250 miles below the falls, as the Captain supposed, they landed. It was thickly covered with trees, so they were enabled to detect any savages, if they were on the island, or if they should attempt to reach them from the shore, to defend themselves, or escape by means of the river before they could land on the island. No Indians appearing, they kindled a fire, hid down and slept by turns till morning, on a log keeping watch. They then with like precautionary measures continued their journey down the Ohio. While they were on the island they were fortunately enabled to take a young dog that they saw swimming from the Kentucky side, and so added in the way of meat, largely and sumptuously to their scanty stock of provisions. Some consultation then took place between them as to what course they should adopt to extricate themselves from the dilemma into which they had fallen. They doubted, despaired of the possibility of returning by way of the river, and I have no doubt, and the force of the current materially increased the danger of the shots of the savages on the shore, as their speed would be much impeded by the resistance of the current. To attempt to make their way through the mighty wilderness, so great a distance to any of the stations where they had any knowledge, the wilderness being filled with the wily savage foe, as they would naturally judge from their continued appearance on the river as they descended it, and also being without a sufficient supply of food, seemed madness. They did not settle on what course they would pursue until after he had taken the fat canoe. The old Captain then said to his companions, "My friends, this is a very pretty well, and I have no doubts but that game is plentiful all the way down the river. Now, I will tell you since we've had this piece of good luck, let the worst come to the worst, these red devils can only compel us to keep to the river, and travel down it until it brings us to a stopping-place or somewhere else, and, by so doing, I have a sort of natural curiosity, anyway, to see where these mighty waters go. So I think we will just drive on this current and look into this business; and when we get out of meat I am sure we can get plenty of game when we stop awhile to hunt, and we'll get after awhile to the Spaniards at New Orleans and there get aboard some ship or trading vessel and go around to Charleston or some place further towards home some of these days. That we'll try if you are willing."

Both of his companions were brave men, accustomed to the hardships of hunters, and both, he knew, were accustomed to Indian warfare. Porter at once agreed with Ashby, and he thought they had better keep with the pirogue and sail downward, but Wells, for a time, with considerable warmth, resisted the proposition, and said he did not like the idea of getting among the bloody Spaniards, and would rather risk it among the Shawnee Indians, rowing slowly up stream and threatened to leave their water craft and try to return by land alone rather than risk the diseases of the river and the Spanish people. He finally consented, however, and as before suggested, to keep on down the river. Nothing of importance occurred to them until they reached the mouth of the Ohio, where, on the point formed by its junction with the Mississippi, they landed, and taking their pirogue out of the water into a thick cluster of cane, they went some distance from the river, hid their canoe in the cane, then built a fire and formed a shelter as well as they could by cutting and spreading over a sort of frame work made of poles a quantity of small, but tall cane. Here they also found some game—wild turkeys, etc.—and remained there two days and rested.

Here again these wanderers, though far away from their homes and the haunts of civilized society, were instrumental in rescuing and saving from death or perdition a more respectable a handsome and amiable young

French girl, the daughter of an alcalde or magistrate of Kaskaskia, taken from her parents to be carried off into the wilderness by a party of Chickasaw Indians, with the design of forcing on her a residence among these savages, and of subjecting her to the brutal will of the most brutal one of the tribe; a fate more terrible and revolting to a young lady of refinement than death itself inflicted in the most cruel and terrible form.

On the morning of the second day after their arrival at the camp above-mentioned Capt. Ashby, with his rifle and hunting apparatus, walking along near the bank of the Mississippi, toward the meeting of the waters, had advanced in that direction but a short distance when he thought he heard human voices. He paused and listened, then advancing nearer, he became satisfied they were human voices he had heard, but he could not understand or interpret the language. Stooping low, almost crawling through the cane, he approached near enough to see from whence the words came, and discovered three Indians and one white man on shore engaged in a loud talk, seeming from the earnestness of their speech and gesticulations, to be in a quarrel, while a pretty young girl sat in one of the canoes still in the water, fastened by bark cables to the shore. He concluded at once that she was a prisoner, as he discovered that she was bound by cords to the side of the canoe. She was weeping, and exhibited, as she sometimes lifted her face upwards, a countenance of unbounded alarm and despair. He at once concluded that she had been stolen from her friends or parents somewhere, and upon that he began to evolve in his mind some safe and practicable plan that he and his companions could adopt to rescue her.

He hastened with cautious steps back to his canoe covered hut, and found both his companions there, but Porter asleep. He was quickly aroused. Ashby then told them what he had heard and seen, and with his common observation (by looks) he was determined to rescue her at the risk of his own life. His companions were of the same mind with him, and soon they were on the way to the scene of action. The distance was short and with great caution they approached near enough to see the Indians and hear what was said, but neither could understand the language spoken. From their loud talk and their manner they were satisfied the two Indians and the white man were still quarrelling. The other Indian was nearer to them, squatted down near the canoe in which the girl still sat bound to its side. He and the girl were in conversation in the French language, which Wells understood and spoke fluently. The other Indian near her was urging her to love him, telling her of his riches and that he was a chief, and the river was of his nation; that he had lately been in Georgia with the Creeks and Cherokees, and had killed and scalped four white men and two women; that if she would go with him to his nation, live with him, be his good father, he would make her and her family rich; but if she did not quit crying and go with him freely, he will kill and scalp her; too, as his words were interpreted.

She was weeping bitterly, seeming greatly alarmed. But, as Wells understood her, she said to the Indian, whose name was Colbert, that she would never go with him willingly; that she had rather die, that he might kill her; she would rather that he would do so than to be his wife; that he had four days before killed her beautiful Irish brother, and she despised him. Then, raising her head and looking up to Heaven, she prayed most devoutly to the Mother of Jesus that she might be delivered from her great and terrible afflictions. Colbert the Indian, darted toward her in great apparent rage, breathing forth threats and waving his tomahawk over his head. Ashby and his companions had taken their respective positions, selected their marks, or victims, and, by a concerted sign, to be given by Ashby, they were to fire. The signal was given just as Colbert seemed about ready to strike. The

rifles cracked, and Colbert fell dead, shot through the heart; one of the other Indians, called Chiekofo, fell, fatally shot in the abdomen by Porter, and the white man, Ben James, fell at the fire of Wells. The third Indian, fired untouched, leaped into the river with a hideous yell, and was not seen again. Capt. Ashby hastened to where the dead Indian, Colbert, lay, seized the cable by which the canoe was fastened to the shore in which the girl was bound, drew it quickly to him, cut the cord by which she was bound, lifted her out and tried to place her on her feet. From the want of food, exhaustion and alarm, she was unable to stand, and would have fallen in the water if he had not caught her in his arms and bore her up the bank. The good luck and final restoration of the girl to her kindred and friends will be told in the next.

THE PREVENTION OF CHOLERA. EASIER THAN CURE.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.
New York, Aug. 30, 1892.

Healthy persons "catch" cholera by taking into their system through the mouth, as in their food or drink, or from their hands, knives, forks, plates, tumblers, clothing, etc., the germs of the disease which are always present in the discharges from the stomach and bowels of those sick with cholera.

Thorough cooking destroys the cholera germs; therefore,
Don't eat raw, uncooked articles of any kind, not even milk.

Don't eat or drink to excess. Use plain, wholesome, digestible food, as indigestion and diarrhea favor an attack of cholera.

Don't drink unboiled water.

Don't eat or drink articles unless they have been thoroughly and recently cooked or boiled, and the more recent the better they are the better. Don't employ utensils in eating or drinking unless they have been recently in boiling water; the more recent the safer.

Don't eat or handle food or drink with unwashed hands, or receive it from the unwashed hands of others.

Don't use the hands for any purpose when soiled with cholera discharges; thoroughly cleanse them at once.

Personal cleanliness, and cleanliness of the living and sleeping rooms and their contents, and thorough ventilation should be rigidly enforced. Foul water closets, sinks, Croton faucets, cellars, etc., should be avoided, and when present should be referred to the Health Board at once and remedied.

PRECAUTIONARY TREATMENT.

The successful treatment and the prevention of the spread of this disease demand that its earliest manifestations be promptly recognized and treated by the doctor.

Don't doctor yourself for bowel complaint, but go to bed and send for the nearest physician at once. Send to a dispensary or hospital: send to the Health Department; send to the nearest police station; send to your family physician for medical aid.

Don't wait, but send at once. If taken ill in the street seek the nearest drug store, dispensary, hospital or police station and demand prompt medical attention.

Don't permit vomit or diarrhoeal discharges to come in contact with food, drink or clothing. These discharges should be received in proper vessels and kept covered until removed under competent directions. Pouring water on them, put a strong solution of carbolic acid on them (not less than one-half of acid to twenty of hot soap-water).

Don't wear, handle or use any clothing or furniture that are soiled with cholera discharges. Pour boiling water on them, put them into it and scrub them with the carbolic acid solution mentioned above, and promptly request the Health Board to remove them.

Don't be frightened, but do be cautious and avoid excess and unnecessary exposures of every kind.

By order of the Board of Health.

CHAS. G. WILSON, Pres.

EMMONS CLARK, Sec'y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoreum Syrup.

CHAS. REIS,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Halters, etc.

I carry the largest and most complete line of general Saddle Goods in the city.

All work made of first-class material and by skilled workmen. Call and examine stock and learn prices.

CHAS. REIS.

THE ADVOCATE.

Advocate Publishing Company.

MT. STERLING, TUESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

For Appellate Judge,
JAMES H. HAZELRIGG.

For Circuit Judge,
JOHN E. COOPER,
Of Montgomery County.

For Commonwealth's Attorney,
C. W. KNEAR,
Of Bath County.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK,
HENRY R. BRIGHT.

FOR SHERIFF,
JNO. C. RICHARDSON.

FOR CONGRESS,
MARCUS C. LISLE,
Of Clark.

We are authorized to announce Mr. Henry D. Combs as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Menard county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

To the Democrats of Montgomery County: I am a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Tipton. In connection with this announcement it is proper for me to state that if elected I have agreed that all the profits of the office, except a very small salary for myself, shall be paid to the widow of Mr. Tipton, just as she is receiving under my appointment. Your support is solicited. Respectfully,
J. M. BEST.

Grover Cleveland filled the Treasury. Benjamin Harrison emptied it.

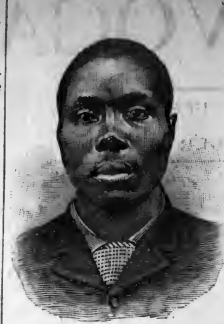
IMPORTANT AND TRUE-THE INDEPENDENT RACKET.

It is entirely within the lines of honest politics that a candidate may make an independent race for an office and it is not evidence in itself of any sort of hypocrisy that Judge Holt has so made his canvass for Judge of the Court of Appeals. But his past political characteristics make us look with suspicion upon his so-called independence (?) and we now predict that the learned JUDGE AT THE LAST MOMENT, BOLDLY AND IN THE FACE OF HIS VIOLENT PROTESTATIONS OVER THE DISTRICT, THAT THE OFFICE IS NON-POLITICAL AND THAT HE WOULD NOT RUN AS A PARTY CANDIDATE, (assertion we can establish by hundreds of affidavits if denied), WILL PLACE HIS NAME ON THE STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN TICKET. We believed at the start and believe now that the INDEPENDENT HOLDERS grandiloquently assumed by him in his Fourth of July speeches over the country, was adopted to mislead and deceive the voter; and just as certain as the day of election comes, this distinguished independent's name will be found on the poll book under the picture of the "coot" or the "cagle" whichever device the Republicans may adopt.

Judge James H. Hazelrigg is making an active canvass through the counties of his district. He is a man who "takes" with the people and will roll up a majority that will forever put at rest the question of a Republican again representing us from this district.

Judge Hazelrigg has voted for the white man as against the negro. Judge Holt voted for the negro against the white man. The one says he wants the intelligent white man in office, the other says he is willing, for political gain, to put the ignorant negro in place and power.

The Democrats have both through the press and from the rostrum so thoroughly ventilated the iniquities of the damnable Force Bill that the Republicans are trying in every conceivable way to drop the issue. Don't be deceived, if the Republican party can get into power it will folist this white man as against the negro. The Democrats are taking reasonable of all measures upon on that campaign, "the South. The Gazette on all his adventures, Force Bill. owned by him and a.



ASBURY.

The thing W. H. Holt voted for against the white man.



CECIL.

The man James H. Hazelrigg voted for against the nigger.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, } MONTGOMERY CO. } SCT.

I, G. A. Whitney, Clerk of the Montgomery County Court, certify that W. H. Holt, now a Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, on Aug. 6, 1883, in Mt. Sterling, Ky., voted for J. W. Asbury, a negro, for Register of the Land Office, against J. G. Cecil, a white man, which vote is recorded on poll the books on file in my office.

Witness my hand this Aug. 27, 1892.

G. A. WHITNEY, CLK.
By W. B. O'CONNELL, D. C.

We have no patience with any man, company or corporation who fails to stand by his pledges, and in politics the man who enters a convention with a favorite should, if defeated, make the best of it. It is a party fight, and the understanding is that the man who wins shall be declared the nominee, and the party is supposed to support and to use all honorable means for his election. No growing, no back-handed hits; the thing is to do our very best for our party representative, and any man who would violate such a pledge, or by any means or method do detriment by act or insinuation, is untrue to himself as a man and party exponent. All of our grievances should be made prior to a nomination, and if any candidate vying for position or honors is considered by any man unworthy, that man's support for such a candidate should be declared adverse prior to a party convention and the note of warning then sounded.

The Morgan County Messenger, in its last issue, places the name of Judge Marcus Lisle at its masthead as its candidate for Congress in the Tenth district, knowing no difference between the Blue-grass or the Peninsular. He is as true a Democrat as ever lived, and will prove as able a representative as any predecessor who has filled the seat. Vote for Lisle and you will help send a good man to Congress.

On Thursday the Republican Convention will meet at Ashland to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals. Judge Holt will, notwithstanding his protestations to the contrary, accept the nomination at the hands of the party for this "non-political" office. Judge Holt is a Republican who swallows his party's most extreme measures. Negro Asbury, Force Bill, and all. He will not wince at anything his party may do; he takes it all. If you want any more bitter Republican than Judge Holt, you will have to go far to find him. Remember his vote for the negro, Asbury, his endorsement of the Force Bill, the Billion Dollar Congress and all the revolutionary measures of the party. The Gazette, of Mt. Sterling and Flemingsburg, favors the Force Bill.

George Ficklin, Republican nominee for sheriff, voted for the negro Asbury.

To the credit of Hon. C. W. Russell, Republican nominee for Congress, he said he refused to swallow the negro Asbury. He would not vote for a negro against a white man.

James H. Wood, the Republican candidate for Circuit Clerk, voted for the "bulger" Asbury against J. G. Cecil, the white man, for Register of the Land Office. Mr. Wood is one of the proprietors of the Mt. Sterling Gazette, which favors the Force Bill. Nothing more need be said to a white voter.

Mr. Harrison's condition has very materially improved with the last day or two. It is now hoped she will be able to be moved at an early day from Lodi Lake to Washington.

It is highly creditable to the county of Garrard that she has a Representative in the Legislature who is averse to taking pay from the people for service not rendered to the people. If there had been the same conscientious regard on the part of other members of both bodies of our General Assembly there could have been no occasion for the introduction of the House bill to refuse pay to members who absent themselves. No man in any business or profession in life who hires his services for per diem or other stipulated pay has any right to receive it unless he returns a quid pro quo. [Lancaster Record-Homesstead.

We are warned by some of our contemporaries to look out for a female fraud who is working Central Kentucky towns asking for contributions to bury a dead relative.

Marcus C. Lisle, our nominee for Congress, is every whit a gentleman—as full of energy and grit as an egg is of meat. He will represent the entire district, knowing no difference between the Blue-grass or the Peninsular. He is as true a Democrat as ever lived, and will prove as able a representative as any predecessor who has filled the seat. Vote for Lisle and you will help send a good man to Congress.

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THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

C. W. Russell, of Powell, Given the Empty Honor of a Nomination.

The Republican Convention of the Tenth Congressional District convened in this city Thursday. A temporary organization was effected by the election of R. R. Perry, of Winchester, as Temporary Chairman, and Ben W. Hall, of Mt. Sterling, Temporary Secretary.

In the permanent organization T. S. Kirk, of Johnson county, was made Chairman, and Ben W. Hall, of Mt. Sterling, J. M. Beatty, of Lee, Jno. W. Langley, of Floyd, and C. W. Russell, of Powell, were placed in nomination. After one ballot the names of Langley and Beatty were withdrawn, and a second ballot resulted in Russell's nomination.

While the committees were on several addresses the convention, among them Mr. Langley, and in the course of his speech he took occasion to give his views on the Force Bill. The mention of this infamous vile measure brought forth wild cheers from the negro element, and from some of the white members of the convention.

The negro generally though, had to take a back seat. He "wasn't in it." We understand that only once did the "friend and brother" attempt to address the convention, and then he was promptly sat down upon. The convention concluded its useless labors about six o'clock, apparently satisfied with the result of its work.

Democratic Pole Raising at Jeffersonville.

There was a Democratic pole raising at Jeffersonville on Saturday and it was a rousing one, too. The Democrats of "Tic" will be on hand in November with a full vote and help to roll up Montgomery's majority for the Democratic candidates. Hon. Marcus C. Lisle, candidate for Congress, was on hand and delivered a rousing speech. Hon. H. B. Kinslow was also there and in his own wide-awake manner delivered a splendid speech, which was thoroughly enjoyed by the crowd in attendance. At the top of the staff was a magnificent U. S. flag and below a Cleveland and Stevenson streamer. All in all it was a success in the full.

Jim Hazelrigg and Marcus Lisle are going to win with a whoop. There need be no uneasiness about the matter.

Having determined to discontinue the liquor business we will from and after Monday, Sept. 5, 1892, sell our entire stock of pure Kentucky whisky and apple brandy at cost for cash only.

ADAM BAUM & SON.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

Grubbs & Hazelrigg.

Successors to Wells & Hazelrigg.

Fall goods arriving now every day. Mr. Hazelrigg has just returned from the East after having bought a full and complete stock of fall dress goods, domestic, notions, novelties, etc. Carpets, rugs, shoes, hosiery, umbrellas. We have everything in the dry goods line in our house. Call and ask for what you want.

All summer goods and remnants very low.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg,

Main Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Corner Drug Store

T. G. JULIAN,

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

A GRAND PRIZE

BIBLE COMPETITION.

Two Thousand Dollars in Prizes Will Be Equitably Distributed.

Read Our Plan.

For several years past competitions of an instructive order have been offered by reputable business houses and manufacturers in England with the object of increasing their sales and interesting their customers in their respective goods. These contests, on account of the unquestioned fairness displayed in conducting them, have interested the best people of Great Britain. Believing that competitions offered by a manufacturing concern such as ours, among the intelligent people of the United States and Canada, our Company have decided to offer a Prize Competition in which our first effort will be to make it strictly fair and impartial. The intention is to satisfy every one entering this competition that they have been fully credited with the position which their efforts have earned for them. We are sure that this class of a prize contest will receive the approval of parents and all those having the instruction of young at heart. The prizes to be awarded in this competition will consist of articles of sufficient value to be appreciated by every person receiving one as a fair reward for the efforts put forth by them. Our intention is to divide the amount to be given away in prizes, varying in value from eight dollars to one hundred dollars each, and we enter into an honorable agreement with those entering this competition to distribute fairly Two Thousand Dollars in prizes.

Prize Bible Competition.

We will pay One Hundred Dollars in cash to the first person who correctly answers the following questions: Where in the Bible do the following three words first appear: 1. Rain; 2. Bread; 3. Milk. The second person answering correctly will receive Seventy-five Dollars in cash. The third person sending correct answer will receive Fifty Dollars in cash. The next ten will each receive an elegant Gold Silver (hunting case) Watch. The next ten will each receive an elegant Silk Dress pattern (sixteen yards in any color). The next ten will each receive a first-class pair of Opera Glasses.

MIDDLE PRIZES.—Every answer when received will be numbered and entered on a special book, with the name and address of the competitor. The thirty-three persons sending the thirty-three correct answers which are the thirty-three correct answers will receive duplicates of the prizes awarded for the thirty-three correct answers.

LAST PRIZES.—The thirty-three persons sending the thirty-three correct answers which are received last will receive duplicates of the prizes that are awarded for the first and middle thirty-three correct answers, the last correct answer receiving the One Hundred Dollars, the next to the last the Seventy-five Dollars, and so on until the thirty-three prizes for the last thirty-three correct answers have been awarded.

SPECIAL PRIZES.—A prize consisting of an elegant Ladies' or Gentlemen's Watch will be given to the person sending the first correct answer which is the first received from their State or Province.

Condition.

Answers must be accompanied with fifteen United States two cent postage stamps for one tenth. Our object is to introduce and attract attention to the Bible, and the only preparation which we ask of our competitors is to send us the answers. The only reward is the prize itself of its constant use. It is recommended by the teachers of the Bible in every school and by the friends of the Bible. Prizes will be sent by mail post paid, and free of cost to the winner.

AWARD OF PRIZES.—Ten of the leading ministers of our city will be invited to attend and assist in the award of the prizes.

Be sure and send your answers to us. You may receive a valuable prize for your trouble.

Address.

Exquisite Toilet Mfg., Co.,
170 Yonge Street, Toronto, Canada.

THE ADVOCATE.

Appointments of the Methodist Church South in Kentucky For Next Year.

The closing exercises of the Kentucky Annual Conference of the M. E. Church South held at Middleboro took place last Monday night. The following are the appointments of the preachers:

Lexington District—Presiding Elder, J. Hand. Lexington, E. L. Southgate; Paris, J. M. Boland; Frankfort, H. G. Henderson; Versailles, J. R. Deering; Georgetown, J. H. Williams; Winchester, W. T. Bolling; Mt Sterling, A. Reid; Old Fort, J. M. Wilson; Grassy Lick and Mt Zion, D. P. Ware; North Middletown, W. T. Benton; Hinton, W. W. Chamberlain; Mt Hope, J. A. Sawyer; New Columbia, C. E. Dowell; and E. Allen; Rockledge Mills and Pleasant Green, J. W. Harris; Spears, W. J. Savley; Agent A. B. S. G. S. Savage; Owenton Mission, W. G. Turner.

Covington District—Presiding Elder, W. F. Vaughan. Covington, Scott street, G. H. Means; Covington, Eleventh street, W. Mitchell; Newport, E. G. B. Mann; Highland, D. E. Bedinger; Augusta and Foster, D. H. Marston; California, J. R. Kendall; Vianita, D. B. Cooper; Falmouth, William Shoemith; Carrollton, R. Hiner; Berry, R. E. Lancaster; Oddville, W. S. Grinstead; Petersburg, C. M. Humphrey; Brookville, J. F. Fizer; Warsaw, T. N. Barker; Morning View, W. F. Wyatt; Walton, O. F. Duvall; Cynthia, G. W. Young; Williamstown, P. H. Hoffman; Gloucester, J. W. Hunter; Bracken, E. K. Kidwell; Select High School, T. J. Dodd.

Shelbyville District—Presiding Elder, J. M. Fleck. Shelbyville, J. R. Savage; Simpsonville, T. J. McIntyre; Taylorsville, George Froh; Bloomfield, W. W. Spates; New Castle, M. W. Hiner; Port Royal, G. W. Crutfield; Campbellburg, W. H. Winter; Bedford, W. H. Dittler; Milton, J. S. Walker; Lagrange and Eminence, T. J. Godby; Beards, J. P. Strother; Pleasantville, J. J. Johnston; Grant, J. W. Gardner; Science Hill School, W. T. Poyater; Clay Village, I. M. Johnson.

Mayville District—Presiding Elder, S. Reeves. Mayville, C. J. Nugent; Millersburg, W. R. Robertson; Flemingsburg, W. T. Boland; Tilton and Negton, M. T. Chandler; Hillsboro, R. A. Beard; Mt Carmel, R. E. Peoples; Sharpburg, J. D. Reid; Carlisle, T. F. Tallaford; Owingsville, E. H. Moore; Silvanville, A. E. Colgrove; Mt Oliver, W. A. Penn; Shannon and Sarilla, R. H. Wightman; Georgetown, T. B. Cook; Vanceburg, S. W. Soper; Tullahoma, P. Morgan; Dover, Whitley Ward; Moorfield, E. C. Savage; Kinney, Miss J. R. Word; Millersburg College, C. Pope.

Dauville District—Presiding Elder, H. P. Walker. Dauville, W. F. Taylor; Harrodsburg, J. O. A. Vaughn; Perryville, W. T. E. Kiser; Meekville, L. G. Wallace; Chaplains, H. C. Wright; Lawrenceburg, B. F. Cosby; Leathers Store, M. F. Moore; Salvisa, E. H. Godby; Jessamine, W. W. Green; Nicholasville, J. E. Wright; Bryantville, A. P. Jones; Stanford, W. E. Arnold; Richmond, F. S. Pollitt; College Hill, W. J. Doran; Somerset, S. W. Peoples; Calintown, R. M. Lee; Moreland, W. D. Wilbur; Lancaster and Junction City, C. H. Greer; Asbury College, J. W. Hughes.

Middlesborough District—Presiding Elder, C. F. Oney. Middlesborough, C. A. Tague; Meadow Creek, E. J. Terrill; London and Pineville, F. K. Struve; Manchester, W. B. Ragan; Whitesburg and Hindman, J. R. Nelson; Harlan, O. J. Chandler; Carterville, G. G. Ragan; Jackson, E. A. McClure; Irvine, P. J. Rose; Beattyville, S. M. Carrion; Campton, and Hazlegreen, F. A. Savage; Morehead, James E. Wright; West Liberty, J. L. West; Hazard and Hydys, J. W. Crater; Clay City, J. N. Isom.

She Was Locked Up.
George Ott Jr., eloped from the Paris Fair with his cousin, Miss Cora Storey, of Cincinnati, and were married. They went to the home of the bride's parents where the young bride was locked up and the groom ordered away. He returned to Lexington, secured two pistols, swearing he would take possession of his wife.

Peat for Locomotives.
It seems that peat has been permanently adopted as fuel for the locomotives on the Vadsena-Oderona Railway in Sweden after a series of extensive tests to determine its value as compared with coal. In the final tests a locomotive pulled a train at regulation speed, and up the steep gradients, and on being tapered with fuel at full pressure, even with cold water fed into the boiler.

FRANKFORT CORRESPONDENCE.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 18, 1892.

EDM. ADVOCATE:

A new constitutional question is agitating the minds of the Legislature, and will be presented in a day or two in the form of a resolution, which will tend further to estrange the House and Senate. It grows out of the meaning of section 41 of the Constitution, which reads: "Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days."

The House begins to realize the odium which its protracted and expensive session and incapacity have brought upon it, and will seek to propitiate the rising indignation of the taxpayers by sending the several bills before them to the Senate in about ten days, and then adjourning for a few weeks, leaving the Senate in session and at work on the revenue and other bills. It is contended by some that with the Senate's consent this can be done; others hold that the section above quoted negatives this construction. It is, however, doubtful that the Senate will consent to their being left "with the bag to hold."

Some of the members of this General Assembly were willing to make the Constitution, but a discriminating constituency forbade them, and now they are picking flaws and proposing evasions to its plain provisions. There are other members incapable of comprehending its spirit or letter.

Mr. Gardner's resolution to fine absentees \$5.00 per day was favorably reported by the Committee on Circuit Courts, but the "per diem members," who are here "for revenue only," could not stomach such an alternative as that, and it is now safely caped in a committee.

The Spaulding resolution petitioning the President to prohibit immigration from cholera infected districts for sixty days, was passed by the House.

There is now \$900,000 in the Treasury, enough to meet the October drafts for school purposes.

Gov. Brown has pardoned from September 1, 1891, to September 1, 1892, eighty-nine convicts. Governor Buckner pardoned during his four years of office 166 felons.

An old gold medal which was given to Gov. Shelby by Congress in 1818, for gallantry in the battle of the Thames, was recently found in the vaults in the Secretary of State's office, and will probably be turned over to some of Gov. Shelby's descendants.

The negro Normal school at this place opened last week with an increased attendance.

The bill postponing assessments till November 15th is now a law.

Representatives Taylor and Bashaw exchanged positions in a colloquy manner, but apologies and an amicable adjustment followed.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP

Go to Coonroy for good reliable saddle and harness work.

The Lexington Gazette says a number of Fayette farmers sold their fat cattle Monday at \$1.50; hogs sold at \$4.75, though they had been brisk at \$5.25. Sheep in good demand at fair prices.

There is no clover in Madison, says the Clinax.

The rains of this week were general throughout the state.

The Times says the corn crop in Scott will be below an average.

J. S. Daugham sold to G. Woodcock 15 fat hogs at \$4.30 per cwt.—(Dauville Advocate).

The large cattle pens at Pepper's distillery, on the old Frankfort pike, near Lexington were destroyed by fire Monday night. Loss \$5,000. They belonged to George W. Emory, a cattle dealer of Louisville.

Fine white English web bridles at cost.

J. M. Coonroy.

We have a fine bred Poland China Boar for sale or trade will weigh 125 pounds.

BEAN BROS.

Last week's rain was a splendid one and it will serve to start the grass growing and the plows moving.

The crop will not be up to the average in yield.—(Georgetown Times)

The Harrodsburg Democrat says that the tobacco crop of that county has all been housed and that is a good one.

Montgomery County FAIR

AND

Trotting Association.

Sept. 27, 28, 29, 30, & Oct. 1.

Liberal Premiums. Big Purses.

Fastest Mile Track in The State.

Over \$5,500 IN PREMIUMS and PURSES.

Over \$1000 given to the Trots the first day.

A grand Balloon ascension first day when two women and a man will jump from a trapeze at the height of a quarter of a mile.

Bicycle races, Clay Pigeon Tournament and other attractions each day.

Excursion rates on all railroads. For catalogues address the Secretary.

G. W. ANDERSON, Pres.

W. E. BEAN, Sec.

WHENEVER YOU WISH
To make an Investment in a Building and Loan Association be sure to take stock in the
COLUMBIA
Of Louisville, Ky.

Because it is the only Association that gives you a definite contract. Because it is the only Association that publishes and proves by actual calculation that its stock matures in 7 years. Because you will not be disappointed when you wish to borrow. Because its charter does not allow the Association to buy, sell or lease property, or speculate in real estate. Because the best business men and financiers of this State approve the plan of the COLUMBIA. Because it pays 8 per cent semi-annually. Coupons attach. Investors should call on our agents.

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On account of my inability to travel I respectfully ask my friends to call at my office in the Tyler-Apperson block and allow me to explain the advantages of the Columbia.
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HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
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AND A FULL LINE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mitchell & Fish Bros.' Wagons.
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The oldest and most reliable system of Business Colleges in the United States. Only experienced teachers employed. Book-keeping and Short-hand specialties. Terms low. Rooms on first floor. For full information address
2t ENOS SPENCER, Louisville; Ky.

THE EARLY BIRD CATCHES THE WORM



And enterprise catches the trade, while the prices were prepared to offer in order to make room for fall goods will cause you to catch your breath in astonishment. Don't fail to call and see our goods, and you will be convinced.

I. N. PHIPPS,
SUCCESSOR TO W. S. CALDWELL

The Government has been sustained by the United States Court of Appeals at Boston in the celebrated goat's hair case. The decision is of vast importance, involving many millions of dollars and affecting the rights of manufacturers and importers all over the country. The ruling sustains the duty of 12 cents a pound.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Hal Pointer's attempt to beat his record at Cleveland, resulted in a mile in 2:06 1/2.

C. & O.

Chesapeake and Ohio

RAILWAY.

New York, Philadelphia, Washington, And all Eastern Cities.

Shortest Line between Louisville, Lexington and Eastern Points.

Time Card in Effect Sept 14, '92

| EAST BOUND: | |
|--|-----------|
| Fast Mail, No. 20..... | 8:00 a.m. |
| Mt. Sterling Accommodation No. 20..... | 1:05 p.m. |
| Vincennes Express No. 21..... | 7:00 p.m. |
| Morehead Accommodation No. 21..... | 7:50 p.m. |

| WEST BOUND: | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Lexington Accommodation No. 27..... | 6:25 a.m. |
| Louisville Express No. 31..... | 11:00 a.m. |
| Lexington Accommodation No. 28..... | 1:45 p.m. |
| Morehead Accommodation No. 28..... | 7:00 p.m. |

Solid vestibuled trains with dining cars. No bus transfers. Through sleepers from Lexington without change.

Harry Kernell, the Irish comedian returned to his home at Asbury Park, N. J., from New York, Thursday. He is all broken up mentally, and will probably be sent to a private asylum.

JACK STEWART,
AUCTIONEER,
LEXINGTON, KY.

Prompt attention given to all sales entrusted to the care. Leave orders at this office, or address Sam Cave of Chardonn Hotel, Lexington, Ky. 18-191

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Real Estate and Bond Brokers, Insurance and Loan Agents. Houses, lots, farms for sale or rent. Will sell a house and loan half the money to pay for it. Investments made in stocks paying 12 per cent. per annum. Corner of Court and Broadway streets, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician, successfully used for many years by thousands of ladies. Is the only perfect and reliable medicine known for the cure of irregularities, discharges, and all other ailments of the female system. Cook's Cotton Root Compound is sold in all drug stores, or by mail, for 25 cents per bottle. Full directions given in each bottle. Two bottles, \$1.00. Address: **Pond Liv Co.,** No. 2 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Mt. Sterling by Kennedy Bros., W. S. Lloyd & Co., and drug stores everywhere.

Wood's Phospholine.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Rheumatism, and all other ailments of the system. Has been prescribed over 40 years in thousands of cases. Is the only reliable and honest medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phospholine. If he refuses, send 25 cents, return mail, in place of this, for a full trial. No money back. Price, one package \$1.00. (Use full trial, and you will be satisfied.) Full directions given in each bottle. Two packages, \$2.00. Address: **W. S. Lloyd & Co.,** No. 2 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich. and drug stores everywhere.

THE ADVOCATE.

Meaning of Blunders.

Some people have an unfortunate propensity to brood over what they call the "mistakes" of their lives. It arises from a false estimate of human judgment and overstrained idea of the responsibility of their actions.

A conscientious woman of middle age wrote to a friend "I am glad to be spared a longer life, than I may spend in repenting my past mistakes." To spend one's time in lamenting past mistakes seems the worst mistake of all. Life is short at the longest. There is little time to dream of doing, less to mourn over what has been done. To act, to act quickly, to act up to our best instincts and highest aspirations, is all we can do. It is all that is expected. After that our responsibility ceases, and the final result belongs only to God.

The good woman above quoted had always acted according to her best judgment. But, being human, she could not foresee the consequences of actions, but could only do as seemed right at the time. Now if she was called upon to act today, what better could she do than that? Then why regret that she so acted before?

Examining into this matter of blunders a little further, and particularly in tracing the course of the "mistakes—well meant." In our own lives, when we look back upon them with cooler understanding of later years, we are constrained to confess that the "mistake" must have been intended to be there, as well as the correct action, because the plan of our development has included both. Confusing to study clearly and deeply, we must acknowledge that the mistakes and errors may, the very sins, when forsaken and forgiven, have helped the soul upward; that all have worked together to accomplish the result sought; that they must have been put there and meant so to be; and so that our "blunders" were not blunders at all, but although we sinned and erred often since, there was always some increase given, which achieved the good we aimed at but failed to reach.

And deepest of all we see that the divine love, which saw the end from beginning, bore with a tender compassion to look upon our struggles, our weeping, our disheartened sighs. Ah, infinitely greater it is, but like to the love we bear our own children, which is so deep and true that we are able to treat them harshly, and with seeming cruelty behold their tears, knowing surely that one day they will comprehend all the kindness—Harper's Bazar.

Making Poisoned Arrows.

A correspondent of Forest and Stream describes the process employed by the Indians of Arizona and New Mexico to poison their arrows: About the most vile use of which the rattlesnake is the vital factor in the brutal practice among several tribes of Indians in Arizona and New Mexico—that of poisoning the point of arrow. I was an eye-witness at one time to the manufacture of these much to be dreaded instruments of torture and death. Part of the summer of 1884 I spent in Arizona and western New Mexico, and about ten days of that time in the neighborhood of the Comanche and Apache Indians. As I wandered one day up to one of their tepees, I perceived a number of Indians standing around some newly slain rattlesnake. Being at all times in search of new things in the shape of knowledge, I soon found out the cause of such a proceeding. The Indians had slain two tall grown bovines and were taking the livers out very carefully. When this operation was at an end, a box containing several rattlesnakes was brought and placed on the ground near the almost smoking chucks of fire. An aged Indian standing near by, who seemed fully to understand his business, procured a piece of blanket, and with its aid succeeded in taking one of the largest snakes out of the box. Then unfolding the blanket so as to expose the head of the snake, he procured a forked stick and pinned its head to the ground, while another Indian took a small switch and tapped it on the head until it was aggravated almost beyond endurance; then taking a chuck of the still steaming liver they let the snake bite it repeatedly until it had turned to an almost purple hue. Then the arrow points were thrust into it about one-half inch deep and left a few minutes. When withdrawn there appeared a seum on the points thus inserted. Afterward the

arrows were laid in the sun to dry, being ready in brief time for such use as the owners of them saw fit; whether it was to take human life or not, it matters but little to them.

A TOUCH OF NATURE.

How it Hushed Complaint on a Sleeping Car.

We were a round dozen of the gloomiest passengers that ever got together in a Pullman car one warm June night coming up from Atlanta over the Piedmont Air Line. There were several reasons for the surliness which deepened as the evening wore on. The weather was clammy and uncomfortable, while to open the windows was to invite showers of chloride. Moreover, the supper at Charlotte had been unduly bad.

With such conditions it was not to be wondered at that an air of gloomy moroseness pervaded the car. The only party who did not openly voice any evidence of discontent was a group of a sad-faced man, and a woman with a subdued countenance and a tiny tot of five, apparently the daughter of the man and the niece of the lady. We all knew well enough why they were so quiet. In the baggage car was a rough box, and the little girl clutched tightly a bouquet of the same interlure we had seen carried up with the coffin.

Cheerfulness did not increase as the night grew on. Three drummers tried to break the gloom by relating rather off-color stories in an audible undertone. A disappointed speculator returning home was confiding his misfortunes to member of Congress on route to Washington, and giving opinions of the best speculation into which he had been drawn in language more expressive than elegant and in a much louder tone than circumstances justified.

The Atlanta sports were talking over a poker game, interjecting little bursts of profanity into their conversation, hardly loud enough to merit reproval from the conductor, but yet not the kind of talk desirable in family circles. The porter soon began making up the berths, commencing at the rear, where the funeral party was encoined. The train rumbled on through the darkness, the hum of discontented conversation filled the car, and none of the men paid the slightest attention to the white-jacketed negro and his work.

Slight and by there were sounds of a slight disturbance from the back part of the car, which caused every one to turn their eyes thither. In the middle of the aisle stood a little fairy form, clad in a snowy night dress, her golden curls shaking over her shoulders by the rocking of the car, while her blue eyes were troubled and half closed in tears. She was saying in a baby voice, which opposition had caused to rise to its highest pitch—distinguishable above the rumble of the train: "Oh, papa and ma, I must, I must, I must go to bed before she went to sleep." Seeking the attention of the other passengers drawn upon them, the father rushed and made no further remonstrance, and the lady also drew back. The little tot got down reverently upon her knees by the side of the berth, clasped her tiny hands and began:

"I say the Lord my soul to keep."

and so on through it all until the final amen adding "Got 'vess papa and annie and poor little Annie, whose mamma has gone away."

Then unobtrusively, they tucked her into the berth. There was no more story-telling, no more grumbling, no more growling that night. The train rumbled on with the sleeping mother in the baggage car and the sleeping orphan in the Pullman—Philadelphia Times.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved
From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, Groun, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took it in eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at W. S. Lloyd's drug store, regular size, 50c and \$1.

Horticulturists say that strawberry beds should be renewed often, as old beds are subject to blight and other fruit diseases.

Poultry and Bee Notes.

Almost any kind of grain is good for scabby legs.

Turnips are good winter feed for chickens, ducks or geese.

If you want fowls to mature early keep them growing. Feed early and often.

The trough for the fowls should be placed under a tree or some shady place.

On account of being easily cleaned, easily removed and less liable to break the eggs, sawdust is recommended as a material for good nests.

The chickens should be fed in a way that will compel them to scratch. If the grain is fed in cut straw they will work for it. Poultry keepers say it is the active hen that scratches that lays.

There is an increasing interest in poultry raising. This is due to a great extent to the women of the nation who are developing the business and demonstrating to their husbands that it pays.

Many successful poultrymen claim that the poultry house should face the South. If this cannot be done conveniently, it should at least be arranged so that it can get the benefit of the sun in winter.

An experienced poultry raiser says that raw meat in moderation chopped fine and fed about three a week will stimulate egg production. One pound of meat is sufficient for fifteen hens. Some cook it, but raw meat is by far better.

Centralia (Mo.) Guard says that one firm has paid to the citizens of Boone county \$15,000 for poultry and eggs since the 20th day of March 1892. Up to date they have shipped from Centralia 330 barrels of dressed poultry and 2,200 cases of eggs.

Somebody has given the following directions for picking and marketing turkey feathers: In picking, save all the feathers that grow on the tail of the turkey; also those on the two joints of the wings next the body. The pointed, one-sided quills that grow on the outside or tip of the wings sell at low prices, and should rarely be kept separately from the others. Lay the feathers straight, in as light boxes as possible; do not stuff them in bags, as it breaks them. Before packing weigh your boxes with the covers, and mark the weight in plain figures on the side of the box.

A correspondent of the Bee-Keepers' Review has the following to say concerning fuel for bee-smokers: For fuel we have tried rotten wood, hard wood, pine sticks, sawdust, shavings, excelsior, paper, rags, peat, corn cobs, and a peculiar kind of sawdust that comes from making hand-holes which with a wobbling saw in bee hives. The last named we find to be far superior to all the others. It lights quickly and smolders enough to give quite a dense blue smoke. It is readily obtainable of the supply manufacturers. It should be remarked, however, that the fine sawdust should be carefully sifted out.

The frequent injuries from roots and the many cases of leg weakness that occur among the heavy hives of the large breed have opened for discussion the question of dispensing with roots in the poultry house, says a writer. It is a fact that roots sometimes take up about one-third of the space in the house, and if some plan can be devised for doing away with them, it will be an advantage. Straw or hay is suggested, but should such be used, the house must be cleaned out daily. All such complaints as hunched foot, leg weakness, crooked breast bone and frosted toes would be avoided by keeping large fowls on straw. It is admitted that the small and active breed, which can fly on or off the roosts easily, should have roots, but for large and heavy breeds no doubt the use of straw is preferable.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, and if your kidneys be affected you have a puffed look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils, and gives a good complexion. Sold at W. S. Lloyd's drug store, 50c per bottle.

It is best to wash or thoroughly wipe fruit before eating it. Disease germs may collect on its surface.

Character in Hair.

Did you ever know a woman's character can be told by her hair? Palmistry having gone out of date among fashionable people, the unveiling of the disposition may be done by a close examination of my lady's locks.

If her hair shows much care, being glossy, well-kept, and every pin in its place, you may rely upon it that she is a lady born and bred; whether her own or the deft fingers of a maid arranged it.

Gloss only comes from constant attention, and the woman of innate refinement is the one who lingers over her toilet, revels in baths and adores shampooing.

Therefore sign No. 1 reads truthfully. Coarse hair shows humble birth. Brown hair, as a rule, if of the peculiarly fine character that makes it appear very thin, will indicate a good disposition. Hair that splits at the end is a representation of the owner's tendency to quarrel and have bickerings and differences on all occasions. Black glossy hair shows toughness; black shiny hair, temper, but strength and boldness. The sort of hair known as drab, the kind so hard to match, and awfully high priced when one wants a false bang, reads thus—highly sensitive and touchy. Either dye your locks or expect to be read of all men, for though hands sometimes lie, hair never does.—Ex.

How to Resuscitate a Person Drowning.

The Cincinnati Laeet-Clinic translates the valuable paper of M. Laborde, communicated to the Paris Academy of medicine, on a new means of resuscitating a person apparently dead from drowning. It consists in forcibly drawing out the tongue, in pressing the lower apart and in pulling the tongue forward and backward in an energetic manner. Two value of this manœuvre is due to its marvelous effect on the reflex respiratory system. M. Laborde cites the history of two subjects who were apparently dead by drowning whom he restored to life by this procedure, but believed it would be imprudent to employ it to the exclusion of methods of artificial respiration, notably that of Sylvester. This consists in laying the patient on his back on a plane inclined from the feet upward, raising the shoulders gently by a cushion placed under them, with the head thrown back, when the operator grasps the patient's arms just above the elbows, repeatedly raising them till they nearly meet above the head, and then lowering them till they firmly press for a moment against the sides of the chest.

Pastures in Autumn
A correspondent writing in the New York World says: "One often reads directions about not feeding pastures too often in the spring, but the caution is not so frequently given about not feeding off too late in autumn. According to my experience and observation, there is no severer drain on the vitality of the plants than the one occasioned by close cropping of pastures and meadows late in the fall. The injury is especially pronounced if the season chances to be a very dry one. The following spring the grass will fail to start early, and throughout the season there will be a short crop of hay and grass. There is not a doubt but that some growth is required in autumn to give grass the strength for a good fall start the succeeding spring."

Farm News and Notes

Out of 25,885 farms of Oregon 3,150 are reported to be provided with facilities for irrigation.
The California Beekeepers' association is making preparations for a notable exhibit at the World's fair.
The Farmer's Review says that the United States produce 300,000,000 pounds of wool per annum, and we use twice that amount.
Several Astrakhan sheep from Persia have been sent to California for propagation by the agricultural department at Washington.
Thomas Green, who died at Leeds England, not long ago, was the inventor of the lawn mower.

The latter part of August or first of September is a good time to cut out slips of surplus growth on currant bushes for planting or cutting. Remove all the leaves as soon as cut, and heel the cuttings in a sandy place covering deeply as cold weather comes on. They will root this fall and grow finely next year.

W. A. SUTTON.

East Main Street,
Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

FURNITURE.

I AM in it to win, and will do it by handling only the best make of goods and selling at a small profit. The time is off for success in a small business with large profits. BUSINESS MEN can only hope to attain success, in this day of progress, by many sales, each article bearing a small profit; and then, every customer must be treated alike. How unfair it is to sell to one man at a certain price, and because his neighbor is a little closer, to sell to him for less money. It is not right. My stock of FURNITURE is entirely NEW, not a piece of old stock. It has been purchased for the cash, it is in my store less discounts. Buying my entire stock at once, by car-load shipments, I have saved considerable freight expense, and by these methods my stock is put in the store much cheaper than when small orders are made, hence I can sell at VERY CLOSE FIGURES, saving money to my customers and making some for myself. Goods which I have subjected to very low prices:

BED ROOM SUITS, DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, PARLOR SUITS, FOLDING BEDS, WARDROBES, BOOK-CASES, SIDE-BOARDS, ETC.



I also keep a complete line of CASKETS in my Undertaking Department, and, having graduated in this business, in offering my services it is with the confidence that I understand the business and can give satisfaction.

Store-room, MAIN STREET, Next Door to R. C. Lloyd's Drug Store. Residence on West High Street.

HICKS' CARPET STORE,

No. 37 North Broadway, Second Floor,
Lexington, Ky.

All kinds of best grade of Carpets at the very lowest possible prices.
Beautiful Carpets, well worth the money. They are called Bargains.
OIL CLOTHS.
Oil Cloth, the best makes and in the newest and most desirable patterns.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
No house in Kentucky handles better goods or sells for lower profits.

FURNITURE.

J. H. WIEHL & SON,

44 East Main Street,
LEXINGTON, KY.

Dealers in all kinds of Furniture.

Walnut, Oak, Mahogany
and Cherry Bedroom Sets.

The HODELL FOLDING BED

The Best Bed Made.
THE HANDSOMEST LINK OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES IN CENTRAL KENTUCKY AT PRICES LOWER THAN ANY.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

TRIMBLE BROS.,
Wholesale * Grocers *
MT. STERLING, KY.

THE ADVOCATE.

Old papers for sale at this office.
P. Martin is in Cincinnati this
week buying goods.

Stock of light weight overcoat
suits, Trimble & Denton's, and
prices are the lowest.

News from the sick bed of
A. R. Hatcher is that there is
no change in her condition.

The red school-house boys are the
best. For sale at Sharp, Trimble &
Denton's.

We have quite a number of per-
sons, who want to rent farms. Per-
sons who have farms to rent should
call on us.

Dr. Frank Thompson and family, of
Cincinnati, Ohio, are visiting his father
and family, John A. Thompson and will
be here until Friday. Dr. Thompson has
built up a large practice and we are
glad to say is making a fine record.

Mr. John Stamper, of Millersburg,
the city Monday representing
interests of the Hurst Home In-
surance Company. It was impossi-
ble to account of other interests for Mr.
Stamper to be here.

Miss Wilkerson brought into our
office Saturday a mammoth paw paw,
the largest we ever saw. It grew on
David L. Anderson's farm near Levee,
this county, and measured on the long
diameter nine inches, and was ten
inches in circumference at the shorter
axis.

Mr. P. L. Christie, of the Farmer's
Tobacco Warehouse, Louisville, was
in the city yesterday, figuring among
the farmers. No more popular or
more accommodating and fair dealing
gentleman visits us than Porter
Christie, and our tobacco men thank
him. By the way, Mr. Christy tells us
the repeated combine of the tobacco
warehouses of Louisville is totally a
mistake. No such combination has
been formed.

John E. Cowgill died at the
home of his father, Alex. Duff near
Spencer Sunday morning at 6 o'clock,
aged 24 years. She had been ill of
consumption for some time, and
when death came she met it with the
calm resignation of a Christian. She
and her husband had only lately come
from Missouri hoping to find for her
in her native air restoration of health,
but their expectations were doomed
to disappointment. She was buried
in Macpherson cemetery yesterday.

W. Ratliff wife, daughter Miss
Arlie and sons Jeff, Caleb, Holly and
Charley. R. M. Burbridge wife,
daughter, Miss Nannie and Miss
Annie McKelney. Mrs. N. C. Ratliff
and son Willie, Miss Eva Bruton,
Miss Edna Land, Marion Headlin,
Mrs. A. J. Tharp, Miss Estlin Lane,
W. W. Thompson, William Senior
and Wash Wilson attended the Partic-
ular Baptist Association at
Little Flock, Anderson County. The
meeting was a good one, largely at-
tended. Every body had a pleasant
and profitable time.

Monday about 1 o'clock, at Miss
Mollie Duty's Private school, Miss
Lillie Lane, daughter of James G.
Lane, aged 17 years, was shot by an
unknown person from an alley,
with a 22 pistol or rifle. The ball
struck her in the left arm about two
inches below the shoulder joint, and
ranged downward. No noise was
heard. The young lady supposed
some one had thrown a rock through
the window and struck her, and she
did not know any better until the
blood began to flow and stain her
clothing. No one is suspected; but it
is thought the ball came from a pistol
from the hands of some one of the nu-
merous horse jockies who frequent
this alley and streets contingent on
Court-days, and from a rifle in the
hands of some boy trying his gun. It
is a matter that should be looked
into. The shooting of firearms of any
kind within the city limits should be
prohibited, and this Court-day
plug horse trading, which is a nuisance,
should be stopped.
The wound is painful, though not
necessarily dangerous.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. B. Blackburn, of Stanton, was
in the city last week.
Powell county circuit court began
in Stanton Monday.

William H. Wilkerson is a very sick
man with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Clarence Judy returned yester-
day from a visit in Clark county.

Samuel Radtiff and wife of Bath
county are visiting friends and re-
latives in this city.

Miss Mamie Green left yesterday for
Covington where she has gone to teach
in a private school.

Mrs. Bettie G. Davis and daughter,
Mildred, have returned from a visit to
Georgetown, Cleveland and Put-in-Bay.

Judge Robert Riddle, of Irvine, was
in the city last week and is now attend-
ing Menifee circuit court.

Miss Lela and Junie Anderson, of
Levee, attended Winchester Fair last
week.

Mrs. G. W. H. Stanley, of Thomas-
ville, Georgia, who has been visiting
her father family, Mr. W. Anderson,
returned home Thursday.

William Dutton of Mt. Sterling, come
down Saturday night to visit his
mother and other relatives.—[Fleming-
burg Times Democrat.

Dr. E. P. White leaves this evening
for an extended visit to Wash-
ington City, Richmond and other
points in Virginia.

Misses Lela and Mary Grigby
visited Mrs. J. P. Bush of Clark county
last week and attended the Win-
chester fair.

Mrs. T. S. Bronston returned on
Wednesday from a visit to her daugh-
ter, Mrs. Frewitt, see Miss Lela Bron-
ston, at Mt. Sterling.—[Richmond
Register.

Miss Cornelia Trumbo, who has
been the guest of Miss Alma Davis, of
McAfee, has returned to her home in
Mt. Sterling.—Harrodsburg Demo-
crat.

Robert T. Benton, Rice Crooks and
Jack Owings three of our boys left
last week for Central University at
Richmond, to attend School the coming
year.

Miss Maggie Welch, of Mt. Sterling,
was here the past week visiting Miss
Mollie George.... Dr. Stroops, of Mt.
Sterling, a former citizen of this Co-
munity, was in town Monday, and paid
us a visit.—[Carlisle Mercury.

Miss Hattie Gish, daughter of M. F.
Gish, returned to the Institute for the
Blind at Louisville last week. She is
progressing nicely in her studies and
is a very bright girl. She performs
well on the organ and piano.

Sidney Faulkner left for Louisville
on Friday to attend the Medical Col-
lege. He is one of the bright young
men of our county, a Christian gen-
tleman and one who has as many
well wishers as any young man in the
county.

A SAD CASE.

A boy buys a pair of Little Giant
School Shoes for children for \$2, giv-
ing the dealer a \$50 bill in payment.
The dealer gets a broker to change
the bill (what shoe dealer was ever
able to change a \$50 bill), and returns
\$48 to the customer. Pretty soon the
broker, having found the bill a counter-
feit, fumes into the dealer's shoe-
man's pay. How much is the
dealer out on this little game?

Says that he is out \$48 and the
pair of shoes; some \$50 and the
shoes; some \$98 and the shoes, and
others \$100 and the shoes. All agree,
however that the pair of Little Giant
School Shoes for children is the great-
est loss of the ill-starred man has to
bear. For sale by Greene, Clay &
Chenault.

W. C. Catron, of Pomroy, Ky.,
was in the city yesterday and gave
the ADVOCATE office a call. Mr. Cat-
ron is a merchant and is on his way
to Cincinnati after new goods.

Mr. A. Thompson will run convey-
ances for the accommodation of per-
sons desiring to attend the rail, to
and from the grounds. He will have
the best service and will see to it that
only careful and polite drivers are in
charge of his vehicles. Mr. Thomp-
son will be found at the Bazaar
stables, corner of High and Mayville
streets.

Kennedy Bros.,
The - Prescription - Druggists.
—DEALERS IN—
Pure Drugs, Medicines, &c.
School Books, School Supplies, Pure Inks, pencils, &c. All Toilet Arti-
cles. Also Paints, Oils and Linishes.

The Mt. Sterling Fair.

But one thing can happen now that
will prevent the Mt. Sterling Fair
from being a tremendous success, and
that is a week of bad weather.

There are over 100 horses entered
in the races and stakes, with the
2:35 trot and the 2:30 trot not yet
closed and which will remain open
until the 22d. These are more
than enough to guarantee a full field
in every race, and as many of the best
horses in the State are entered, and as
the track is one of the fastest in the entire
country, we confidently predict that
many records will be broken during
the meeting.

Enough stalls for the show stock
are already engaged to insure an ex-
hibition of fancy saddle and harness
horses second to none in the State.

The bicycle races will bring wheel-
men from all over Kentucky, as well
as from Indiana and Ohio, while the
five days' shooting tournament, which is
by all odds the largest affair of the
kind in Kentucky this year, will at-
tract crack shots from all over the
Union.

In fact, although the management
has had a comparatively limited time
in which to do the work, it has suc-
ceeded in preparing and presenting to
the public a programme which in
variety and completeness of entertain-
ment is equalled by few fairs in the
State. The gentlemen have done their
work well, and deserve the suc-
cess which all indications foreshadow
at this writing. Let everybody turn
out and help along, and demonstrate
that old Montgomery is abreast of
the rest of the State in the matter
of fairs as she is in everything else, and
don't fail to be on hand the first day
to see the balloon ascension, during
which the performers will jump from
the balloon while a quarter of a mile
in the air.

Three of the best trots of the meet-
ing viz; the 3:00, the 2:40 trot and the
2:35 trot will also come off the first
day.
Remember the date, Tuesday, Sept.
27th.

To The Teachers.

As the first Saturday in October
comes this year on the first day of
October it will be impossible to have
the draft leave Frankfort on that day
and get here in time, so you will be
paid on the second Saturday, at which
time you will get pay for two months.

Respectfully,

J. E. GROVES,

County Superintendent.

For Sale.

The new and fresh stock of gro-
ceries and fixtures in the store lately
opened by C. M. Henry is for sale
at a bargain. The stock is fresh and
well selected and can be bought cheap.
S. W. GATSKILL,

Assignee.

Just received a fine line of Armour
and Vogelhans at
7-3t A. Baum & Son's.

I will pay from 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 cents per
pound for green leaf hams, and the
cents per pound for new goose feath-
ers.
JOS. MARKOVSKY.

7-4t

See those stylish neckties at Sharp,
Trimble & Denton's. They are the
best.

Stove.

Deodorized gasoline at
7-3t A. Baum & Son's.

Notice.

I will not be responsible for any
accounts made by my children or any
one else without a written order from
me.
VAN THOMPSON, Sr.

7-3t

Old papers for sale at this office.
Try our Almetta roasted coffee, the
best in the market and the best
7-3t A. Baum & Son's.

Old papers for sale at this office.
Still They Come.

New cassimeres just received. A
full line of ladies, misses and chil-
dren's cloaks, finest ever brought to
this city. Also nice line of campaign
silk handkerchiefs for both candi-
dates. We are receiving dress goods
in great variety daily.

Respectfully,
JOHN SAMUELS.

BROOKSHIRE TRIED.

He Receives a Life Sentence at
the Hands of a Menefee
County Judge.

Whose Maundin Sentimentality
Will not Allow Them to
Give a Much

Deserved Death Sentence.

The authorities took Brookshire
from Lexington by way of Covington
to Frenchburg last week, where he
was at once put on trial. Early Fri-
day morning the case was called.

There being two cases against him, he
was tried first for the killing of Kavanagh
Tipton. The defense evidently
hoped that a jury would attempt
to escape the responsibility of impos-
ing the death sentence by leaving
it for a second jury to perform. The
result shows they were no bad judges
of human nature.

The murderer was ably represented
by Wood & Day, of this city, and
T. T. Cope, of Frenchburg. The pro-
secution had failed to the assistance of
Commonwealth's Attorney M. M.
Redwine and County Attorney J. H.
Williams, C. R. Brooks and Judge
Lewis Apperson, of this city, and Joe
Lykins, of Campbell.

All the witnesses were summoned
by the prosecution who knew any-
thing about the case, leaving none to
be summoned by the defense. Their
examination was completed early
Saturday morning, Brookshire refus-
ing to take too stand. The speaking
lasted until four o'clock Saturday af-
ternoon, there being three on each
side, Wood, Day and Cope for the
defense, Brooks, Lykins and Redwine
for the prosecution.

At 4 o'clock Judge Cooper gave his
instructions to the jury. They were
to the effect that if Brookshire had a
home in his possession which he had
good grounds to believe had been
stolen, and knew that Tipton and
Howard were officers of the law, that
a verdict of murder should be ren-
dered.

The testimony created the impres-
sion that the jury should at once
bring in a verdict of murder with
sentence of death. The only point in
all the evidence which was made
much of by the defense was the state-
ment made by the accused when in
the Richmond jail man, that he was
taken by surprise and shot on the
impulse of the moment.

The case was given to the jury at
4 o'clock Saturday evening, and at
12:10 Monday morning they brought
in a verdict of guilty, and fixed his
punishment at confinement in the pen-
itentiary for life. A marraon on such
a jury! Brookshire either deserved
death, or he was innocent, and the
jury that shirks its duty in this
manner is only doing that which will
bring the law into contempt, and in-
crease the already too widespread
spirit of mob violence that has been
manifesting itself in our community.

The people of Montgomery county
have lost two efficient officers at the
hands of a brutal murderer and a
jury who are forgetful of their oath
all to render the justice we had a
right to expect at their hands. May
that same jury not find cause to re-
gret the example they have set of a
failure to suitably avenge the murder
of officers whilst in the discharge of
their duty.

Brookshire was upon the report of
the jury at once sentenced and sent to
Frankfort over the same route by
which he was taken to Frenchburg.

Common Pleas Court began here
yesterday. Judge Scott not arriving
last night, Judge J. H.
Hazelrigg was elected Judge. This
is Judge Scott's last term. He has
made us an efficient Judge, and we
part from him with much regret.
Would that Kentucky had many
more like him. Our neighboring
district has made no mistake in nam-
ing him for Judge of their Circuit.
May he live long to serve his country!

Robert Shouse and Miss Lizzie
Fisher, of Levee, were married yester-
day at Mr. Sam Lee's residence.

RELIGIOUS.

The Georgetown Baptist church has
been completed and will be dedicated
October 2d.

Mrs. Condict, the wife of a Presby-
terian minister and a returned Mis-
sionary from Corea and Japan deliv-
ered a most interesting lecture at the
First Presbyterian church on Sunday
night. Her lectures are mainly di-
rected to the women of her denomina-
tion and cannot but be productive of
good in the way of awaking a lively
interest in the work.

The meeting at the Baptist church
closed Friday night with ten addi-
tional. The church was greatly re-
newed and the powerful attractive
preaching of Rev. R. P. Johnston won
many hearts. Two additional ser-
vices. Baptismal services Sunday
evening. There will also be Baptis-
mal services Wednesday evening.

Dr. R. Hiner will leave for his
new field of labor this week. Every-
body regrets to see him go. Dr.
Hiner is a great and good man, who
with his family are loved and respect-
ed wherever known. The prayers
and best wishes of all good people
follow them to Carrollton, their new
home.

For the pictures of Cecil and Asbury
we are indebted to the courtesy of
the Sentinel-Democrat.

A CACKLING HEN

May be excused for making a awfully
big racket over a mighty little egg;
but when she cackles for an hour
over a china door knob it's time to
throw a brick at her. There is some
excuse for a merchant cackling a
good deal over

A GENUINE BARGAIN.

But when the so-called bargain turns
out to be a DOOR-KNOB BARGAIN
it is time somebody threw a brick or
a "shoo" at the noisy thing. There's
an awful lot of cackling about bar-
gains going on, but we'll bet they're
all door-knob bargains, so here goes
our brick; we'll meet any price, show
better quality for the same money,
and do as well if not better by you
than any other firm in Mt. Sterling.

No Door Knob Bargains about this.
GREENE, CLAY & CHENAULT.

All school supplies cheap at
R. C. LLOYD'S
City Drug Store.

The corner drug store is the place
to buy your school books. No jobs
or schemes worked on anybody or set
of people.

School children, wanting tablets
will find them cheap at
R. C. LLOYD'S
City Drug Store.

Wanted—Fifty hogs that will aver-
age 200 pounds. Apply to
W. W. ANDERSON.

Dr. William Vanantwerp, D. G.
Howell and James O'Connell went to
Washington Saturday evening to at-
tend the meeting of the G. A. R. Col.
A. T. Wood left last night, being de-
tained at Frenchburg in the Brook-
shire trial.

Julian will give you a square deal,
he believes in honest prices, and
everybody gets the same low prices to

The G. A. R. men of this section
will hold a "Camp Fire" at Olympia
on Thursday, Friday and Saturday
(September 22, 23 and 24.) All Con-
federate and Mexican war veterans
are invited. Judges Holt and Hazelrigg
are booked for speeches Satur-
day.

T. P. Martin is in Cincinnati this
week buying all the latest novelties
for the fair.

Go to Julian's for your school books,
he sells them as low as any man liv-
ing.

Mrs. Kavanaugh Tipton has been
appointed administratrix of her late
husband's estate.



The best on earth. For sale by
THE CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.
7 2t

CORRESPONDENCE.

Leaves Items.

Rev. H. L. Watts, a student of
Georgetown College, has been called
to preach at Macedonia church the en-
suing year.

We are having fine rains, which
will enable the farmers to break their
fallow lands for wheat.

Mrs. Nancy Bartlett, of Clark county,
has been visiting her son, Richard
Bartlett, the past week.

Cutting and housing tobacco is the
order of the day now.

The late potato crop is a failure in
this section this season.

G. P. Douglass, John McPherson
and John Neat were the messengers
sent from Macedonia church to the
Boone Creek Association at Mt.
Olive, Clark county, Ky.

There seems to be a great interest
taken in the Debating Society at Oak
Valley school-house, and it is well at-
tended.

Jose Hinds' sale was slimly attend-
ed, and household goods and black-
smith tools sold low; one cow brought
\$33 and another \$17; one plug mare
\$40; mule colts \$30.

Rev. Z. W. Pigg preached at Mac-
cedonia church on last Saturday.

Ben W. Hall, who was raised at
this place, but now one of the prop-
rietors of the Mt. Sterling Gazette, will
be married to Miss Florence Riddle,
of Champaign, Ill, the 25th of this
month.

The recent rains are preventing the
maturing of the late tobacco crop in
this section.

Harry Johnson and wife are on the
sick list.
ST. LARKINS.

Kiddville.

Mrs. Mary Larson is ill with the
flu, but is some better now.

Mrs. Silas Fisher is very sick with
typhoid fever.

A large attendance at our school,
which is progressing nicely.

Mrs. Mollie Curtis was thrown
from a buggy, last Tuesday, and she
now sustains two broken ribs.

Farmers are now done cutting to-
bacco—that is, they have cut what
the hail did not. Some crops were
completely destroyed by it, among
those we may mention those of Bud
Haggard and Rob Pace.
PAUL.

Grassy Lickers.

Mrs. Maggie Chambers, of Covington,
is visiting her brother William
Greene.

Richard Hunt and family have
moved to Jonesburg.

Misses Sallie Mason, Nannie Ow-
ings, Cumie and Fannie Mason left
yesterday to attend the Millersburg
Female College.

The storm on last Tuesday did great
damage to corn and tobacco. Corn
has blown down so it will be difficult
to cut, and is likely to damage on the
ground.

James F. Mason sold 20 head of
cattle to Joe Turley at \$3.40, weight
1,235 pounds.

J. W. Pridemore sold to Clayton
Howell one half interest in 15 acres of
tobacco on the 15th of August, in
field #750, this crop is said to be
the best in Clark county, and is the
first crop Mr. Pridemore ever raised
on his own responsibility.

Squire S. S. Fizer, of Mt. Sterling,
was in the neighborhood last Friday
buggy riding with the school girls.

M. B. Hadden sold to W. B. Kidd
34 fat cattle on last Monday at \$4.25
per head.

Charles Shephard, of Reynoldsville,
went to Cincinnati on yesterday in
interest of a patent he is getting out
and when completed will be a sur-
prise to the manufacturers.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

All who failed to hear Brother
Tibbs' talk at last Sundays meeting,
missed something good. We expect
to hear many good things from him
in the future, as his health is improv-
ing and his heart is in every good
work.

Next Sunday the meeting will be
led by Mr. H. C. Talney. Subject
"Christ as Man and God." We are
desirous in saying we want the "room"
filled at these Sunday afternoon meet-
ings and extend our earnest invita-
tion to all men to come.

THE ADVOCATE.

Homoeopathy and Cholera.

(Chicago Health Journal.)

The advent of Asiatic cholera in Western Europe calls to mind the fact that it was in the treatment of this dreaded disease that homoeopathy won its first great victory.

After the cholera epidemic of 1830-31 in Russia and neighboring countries, in a report published by Andrew Morzhinov, President of the Imperial Council at St. Petersburg, the total number of cholera patients under homoeopathic treatment, in the departments of Saratov, Tambov and Tver, was given as 1273, with a loss of 108, making a rate of mortality of less than 9 per cent.

Dr. Rath was sent, in April, 1832, by order of the King of Bavaria, to collect authentic information respecting the results of the homoeopathic treatment of the Asiatic cholera; and he reported that out of 1290 cases treated by fourteen homoeopathic physicians, in Munich, in Hungary and at Prague and Vienna, there were only eighty-five deaths, showing a rate of mortality of less than 7 per cent; while in the same countries and cities, under allopathic treatment, the rate of mortality was over at 31 per cent.

Dr. Balfour, a distinguished allopathic physician of Edinburgh, on a visit to Vienna in 1836, wrote to his friend, Sir John Forbes, saying:

"During the first appearance of cholera here, the practice of homoeopathy was first introduced; and cholera, when it came again renewed the favorable impulse previously given; as it was through Dr. Fleischmann's successful treatment of this disease that the restrictive laws of 1810, were removed, and homoeopaths obtain leave to practice and dispense medicines in Austria.

"No young physicians setting in Austria, excluding government officers, can hope to make his bread, unless at least prepared to treat homoeopathically if requested."

Dr. Balfour's letter was written not long after the Leopoldstadt Hospital, under the care of Dr. Fleischmann, at Vienna, had been officially opened for the reception of cholera patients, and after the publication of the fact, that there two-thirds of the cases ended in recovery, while in the other hospital of Vienna, under allopathic treatment, two-thirds had ended in death.

It should be borne in mind that the cases of cholera brought to the hospitals for treatment are always more difficult, and more likely to terminate fatally, than are those met in private practice. It will not seem strange that such should be the case when it is considered that hospital gatherings are usually from the lowest walks of life, and that a large proportion of cases are in the second, if not the last stage of the disease when brought in.

The General Board of Health of Edinburgh and Leith, Scotland, reported the total number of cases of cholera under treatment from October 4, 1848, to February 4, 1849, as 847, and the number of deaths as 546. Of the cases mentioned, there were:

Treated homoeopathically, 236, with 57 deaths.

Treated allopathically, 664, with 489 deaths.

Homoeopathy lost a little over twenty-four per cent, and allopathy a little over eighty-four per cent.

These cases were in dispensary or hospital practice.

In the United States, during the cholera epidemic of 1832-33, there were but few practitioners of homoeopathy, hardly one outside of New York and Philadelphia, but such success in the treatment of the dreaded disease the new principle of the therapeutics observed by them gained much favor.

But when the disease came again, in 1849, it was successfully met in all the leading cities of the country by representatives of the new school.

Passing over individual reports of cases and cures, authentic enough for those acquainted with the practitioners making them—reports showing a rate of mortality seldom ranging above ten per cent.

It is proper to notice some statistics of an undeniable character.

At Cincinnati, two homoeopathic physicians had a record of 1,116 cases treated from May 1 to August 1, 1849, with a loss of thirty-five patients—a mortality of less than 4 per cent. So great was the contrast of their results with those reported by their allopathic neighbors, that the truthfulness of the homoeopathic record was publicly called in question; and, in self-

defense, the two physicians, Drs. Pulte and Ehrmann, submitted their list, giving names and residences of persons treated; and inquiry was made sufficient to show the correctness of their claims.

In regard to subsequent cholera epidemics, in Europe as well as in America, it is sufficient to say that such has been the comparative success of the homoeopathic treatment the people turn to it with ever-increasing confidence.

What has been the acknowledged opprobrium medicorum, as to the allopathic faculty, has been the greatest means of bringing into favorable notice, and into extensive use, the remedies of homoeopathy.

And, before passing from the proofs furnished by Asiatic cholera, it is well to consider the fact that the three leading remedies for that disease pointed out by similia are coming into use among medical men who deny the universality of that principle.

Campior is an ingredient in nearly every mixture prescribed in the ordinary practice, and in every nostrum employed with any success in the treatment of cholera throughout the world.

Cuprum, in the metallic state, very finely comminuted, or in some of its salts, is coming more and more into favor. So much has it been approved of late by leading allopathists in France, the London Lancet has facetiously mentioned it as their "curriculavivum."

And veratrum album, the third member of the trinity of remedies named by Hahnemann, before he had seen a case of Asiatic cholera, is receiving the indorsement of allopathic writers.

Privy Councillor Dr. Von Bidoua, of Sondershausen, has discovered veratrin to be an excellent remedy for some phases of cholera! He says: "Having frequently administered strong doses of veratrin, in a cholera against cramps in the calves of the legs during sleep, and always with success, I conclude that, as it possessed a stimulating influence on the spasmic nervous system, it might restrain the danger of threatening symptoms in cholera."

Farm Notes.

Clover is the cheapest and best fertilizer.

Oats in some parts of Montana are \$1.30 a bushel, while wheat is about 60 cents.

Don't forget to grease the plows when done breaking for wheat, before putting in the tool house.

Prof. French says that one bushel of hard wood ashes is worth thirty-five to forty cents for manure.

To kill out the weeds that grow in the pasture, it will be necessary to mow them two or three times a year.

The Rocky Mountain Husbandman says that the agricultural interest of Montana are prospering as they never have before.

An exchange tells of a young man in Indiana who is managing his father's farm upon shares, and the parent gets as much for his half as he did for the whole when he was running it alone. Better stock and tools and better methods have doubled the producing capacity.

The sixth annual convention of delegates from each of the American agricultural colleges and experiment stations will meet in New Orleans, November 15th. The headquarters of the Association will be at the St. Charles Hotel. Any person engaged in agriculture, who attends these conventions, is generally admitted to the privileges of the floor, but only delegates can vote.

The California Fruit Growers say: Apples are claimed by a German physician to belong to the list of most valuable fruit. They contain a very large amount of phosphorus they contain is alleged to be specially efficacious in renewing the nervous matter of the spinal cord. It is also claimed by the same authority that an apple diet is highly beneficial in correcting derangement of the kidneys.

Land that has not been favorable to certain crops that are subject to disease, such as potatoes, should be plowed, says a writer, and forty bushels of air-slaked lime applied per acre. The lime will assist in destroying the spores of fungi, and thus aid in preventing rot. Whether beneficial in arresting disease or not the lime will be found useful as a fertilizer, and as a means of decomposing inert matter in the soil.

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